

NAME \_\_\_\_\_

NTI DAY #7 *Period* \_\_\_\_\_

(weather-closed school day)

# PACKET SEVEN

(Math)

## General Directions:

Due to weather, Harrison County Schools are closed. In an effort to utilize this day on the school calendar, your child is assigned and should work on this "packet" of school work today. It will count as a grade for this subject. The work attached is specific to the subject listed above. Please contact your child's teacher of this subject at 234-7123 in the event you/your student have questions on this packet. Staff and teachers reported to HCMS today and are available should you have questions.



Please join!

## Sign up for important updates from Ms. Herrington.

(and alg)

Get information for **8th Grade Math Gold** right on your phone—not on handouts.

Pick a way to receive messages for **8th Grade Math Gold**:

**A** If you have a smartphone, get push notifications.

On your iPhone or Android phone, open your web browser and go to the following link:

[rmd.at/hbc3c8](http://rmd.at/hbc3c8)

Follow the instructions to sign up for Remind. You'll be prompted to download the mobile app.

The smartphone screen displays the Remind app interface. At the top, it shows the URL [rmd.at/hbc3c8](http://rmd.at/hbc3c8). Below that, the text "Join 8th Grade Math Gold" is visible. There are two input fields: "Full Name" with the placeholder "First and Last Name", and "Phone Number or Email Address" with the placeholder "(555) 555-5555".

**B** If you don't have a smartphone, get text notifications.

Text the message `#hbc3c8` to the number 81010.

If you're having trouble with 81010, try texting `#hbc3c8` to (859) 559-4879.

\*Standard text message rates apply

The smartphone screen shows a text message interface. The "To" field contains the number "81010". The "Message" field contains the text "@hbc3c8".

Don't have a mobile phone? Go to [rmd.at/hbc3c8](http://rmd.at/hbc3c8) on a desktop computer to sign up for email notifications.

# Solving Multi-Step Equations

## MORE NOTES

To solve an equation with variables on both sides:

1. Perform any distributive property shown in the equation.
2. Combine any like terms in the equation (do not cross the =)
3. Try to get all the variable terms on one side of the equation
  - a. It doesn't matter which side you choose
  - b. Make sure you follow the rules for equations
4. Now get all the constants (regular numbers) on the OTHER side of the equation.
  - a. You must have your variable term on one side, and your constant term on the other
  - b. Make sure you follow the rules for equations
5. Divide to get the variable all by itself

## EXAMPLES

1)

$$3x + 20 = x - 8$$

$$7x - 8 = 9x + 7$$

Subtract x on both sides

$$3x + 20 = x - 8$$

$$7x - 8 = 9x + 7$$

$$\begin{array}{r} 3x + 20 = x - 8 \\ -x \quad -x \\ \hline 2x + 20 = -8 \end{array}$$

Subtract 20 on both sides

$$\begin{array}{r} 2x + 20 = -8 \\ -20 \quad -20 \\ \hline 2x = -28 \end{array}$$

Divide by 2 on both sides

$$\begin{array}{r} 2x = -28 \\ \hline x = -14 \end{array}$$

$$x = -14$$

\*\*\*\* Alternate way...

Subtract 3x on both sides

$$\begin{array}{r} 3x + 20 = x - 8 \\ -3x \quad -3x \\ \hline 20 = -2x - 8 \end{array}$$

Add 8 on both sides

$$\begin{array}{r} 20 = -2x - 8 \\ +8 \quad +8 \\ \hline 28 = -2x \end{array}$$

$$\begin{array}{r} 28 = -2x \\ -2 \quad -2 \\ \hline -14 = x \end{array}$$

same answer!

$$-14 = x$$

Date \_\_\_\_\_

# \* Notes \*

## Solutions to Linear Equations in One Variable

The Solution of an equation is the value(s) of the variable(s) that make the equation a true statement.

- Equations in one variable can have one solution, infinite solutions or no solution.

	<b>One Solution</b>	<b>Infinite Solutions</b>	<b>No Solution</b>
<b>Reasoning:</b> <i>What the type of solution means.</i>	Only <u>one</u> value will make the equation <u>true</u> .  * <u>one number</u>	<u>any</u> value will make the equation <u>true</u> .  * <u>any number</u>	<u>no</u> values will make the equation <u>true</u> .  * <u>no number</u>
<b>True Solution?</b> <i>Always, Sometimes, Never</i>	<u>Sometimes</u>  A conditional equation is true for <u>some</u> values of x.  <u>only true one time</u>	<u>Always</u>  An identity is <u>always</u> true, for any value of x.  <u>True every time</u>	<u>Never</u>  A contradiction is <u>never</u> true for any value of x.  <u>Not ever true</u>
<b>Example:</b>	$\begin{array}{r} 4x + 6 = 18 \\ -6 \quad -6 \\ \hline 4x = 12 \\ \hline 4 \quad 4 \quad \div \\ \hline x = 3 \end{array}$ * <u>3</u> is the only number that makes the equation <u>true</u> .	$\begin{array}{r} 5x + 15 = 5x + 15 \\ -5x \quad -5x \\ \hline 15 = 15 \end{array}$ * <u>Any number</u> for x will make the equation <u>true</u> .	$\begin{array}{r} 4x + 8 = 4x + 3 \\ -4x \quad -4x \\ \hline 8 = 3 \end{array}$ * <u>No number</u> for x will make the equation true.
<b>Hints:</b> <i>Look at both sides of the equation.</i>	End result still has a <u>variable</u> and a <u>Solution</u> .	Variables cancel each other out and <u>both sides</u> of the equation <u>look equal</u> .	Variables cancel each other out and <u>both sides</u> of the equation <u>do not look equal</u> .

Name \_\_\_\_\_

# Beach Equations Show work on separate

**Directions:** Solve the following equations. Find the answer on the coloring page and color the sections the color given in the problem. .

**Required Colors:** pink, orange, yellow, green, light blue, blue, purple.

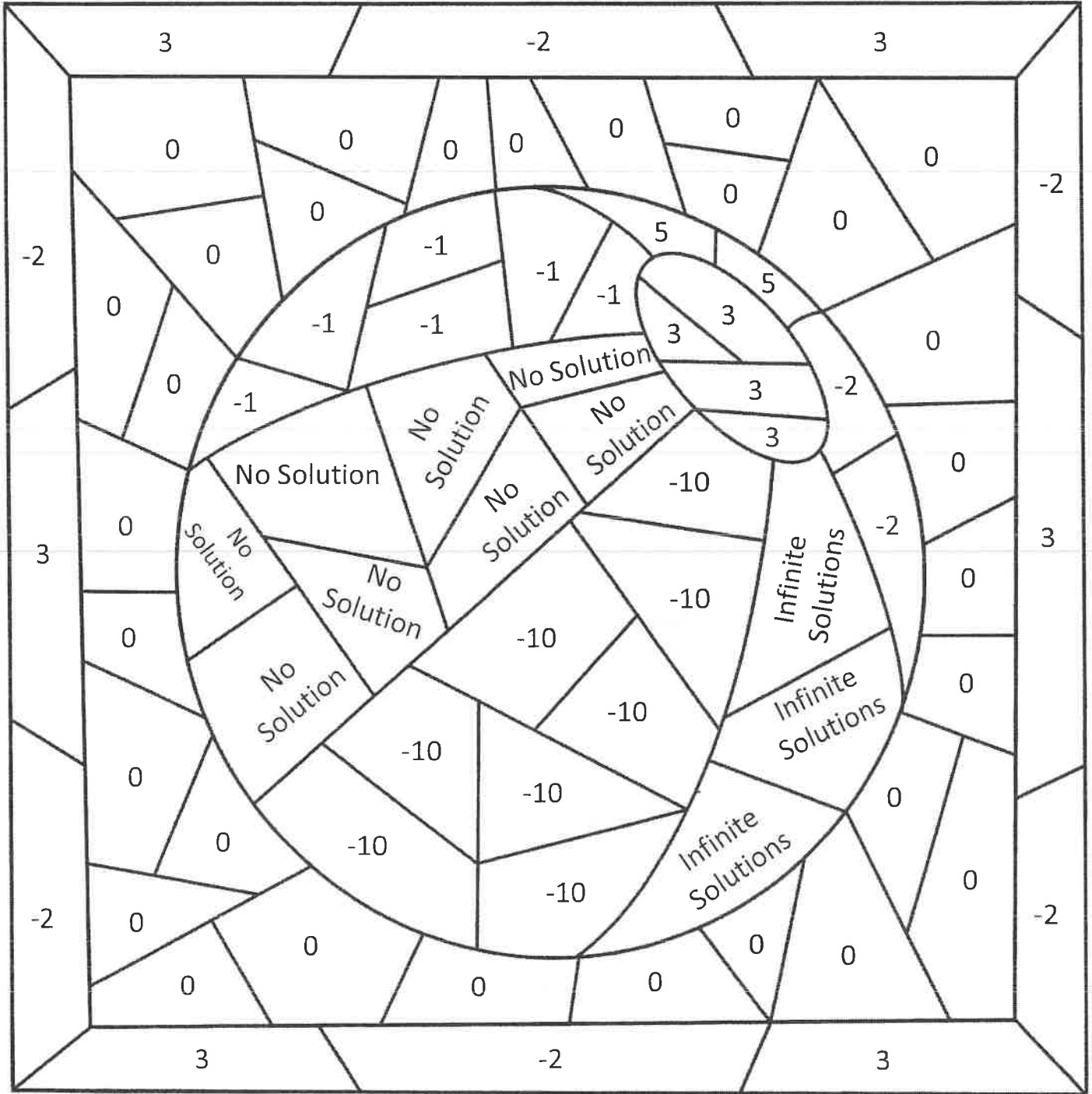
*(included at the end of packet)*

1	$x - 3 = 2x + 7$	RED
2	$2(x + 1) = 11 - x$	YELLOW
3	$5x - 1 = 3x - 5$	ORANGE
4	$3x + x = -2x - 6$	GREEN
5	$-x = -4x + 15$	PINK
6	$5x + 3 = 5x - 6$	BLUE
7	$4x + 8 = -2x + 8$	LIGHT BLUE
8	$3x - 6 = 3(x - 2)$	PURPLE

Name \_\_\_\_\_

# Beach Equations

Coloring Page



Name \_\_\_\_\_

## Summer Transformations

DIRECTIONS: Draw the following transformations on the coordinate grid provided.

Figure <b>A</b>	Draw a triangle with vertices (0, 3) (-1, 8) and (1, 8)
Figure <b>A'</b>	Reflect Figure <b>A</b> across the x – axis.
Figure <b>A''</b>	Rotate Figure <b>A</b> $90^\circ$ clockwise around the origin.
Figure <b>A'''</b>	Translate Figure <b>A''</b> to the left 6 units then reflect across the line $x = -3$ .
Figure <b>B</b>	Draw a triangle with vertices (-2, -2) (6, -5) and (5, -6)
Figure <b>B'</b>	Reflect Figure <b>B</b> across the y – axis.
Figure <b>B''</b>	Rotate Figure <b>B</b> $180^\circ$ clockwise around the origin.
Figure <b>B'''</b>	Translate Figure <b>B''</b> up 4 units then reflect across the line $y = 2$ .

Rotation rules (clockwise)

$$90^\circ - (y, -x)$$

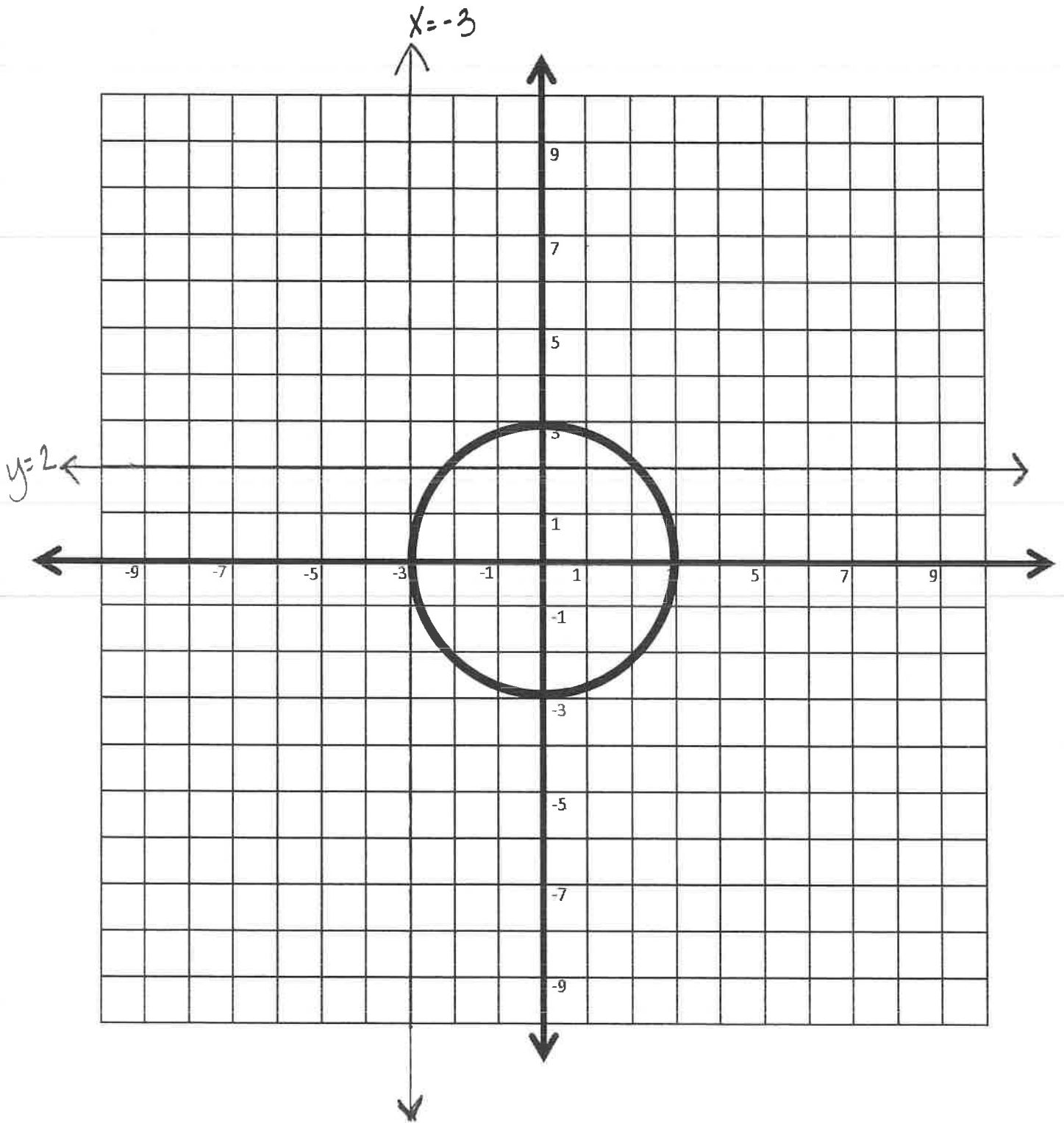
$$180^\circ - (-x, -y)$$

$$270^\circ - (-y, x)$$

Name \_\_\_\_\_

# Summer Transformations

Coordinate Grid





HW:

Name: \_\_\_\_\_ # \_\_\_\_\_  
Date: \_\_\_\_\_ Period: \_\_\_\_\_

## NOTES: Lesson 4-10: Writing Equations (Given a Table)

REMEMBER:

$$y = mx + b$$

"m" stands for the \_\_\_\_\_ of the line.

"b" stands for the \_\_\_\_\_ of the line.

Ex

x	y
-1	6
0	5
1	4
2	3

SLOPE = 1

Y-int. = -5

Equation =  $1x - 5$

or  
 $x - 5$

If you are given a table of values, and you have verified that the table represents a linear relationship (there is a constant rate of change), you can find both the slope and y-intercept from that table and write the equation of that line.

- To find the **slope** (rate of change), use the formula  $m = \frac{\Delta y}{\Delta x}$
- To find the **y-intercept** (initial value), find the coordinate point (x,y) in which the x-coordinate is 0. (0, \_\_\_)

1)

x	y
-2	-4
0	2
2	8
4	14
6	20

slope: \_\_\_\_\_

y-intercept: \_\_\_\_\_ (when  $x = 0$ )

equation: \_\_\_\_\_

2)

x	y
-2	80
-1	70
0	60
1	50
2	40

slope: \_\_\_\_\_

y-intercept: \_\_\_\_\_ (when  $x = 0$ )

equation: \_\_\_\_\_

3)

x	y
-2	1
-1	0.5
0	0
1	-0.5
2	-1

slope: \_\_\_\_\_

y-intercept: \_\_\_\_\_ (when  $x = 0$ )

equation: \_\_\_\_\_

4)

x	y
1	5
2	10
3	15
4	20
5	25

slope: \_\_\_\_\_

y-intercept: \_\_\_\_\_

equation: \_\_\_\_\_

5)

x	y
-3	9
-1	7
1	5
3	3
5	1

slope: \_\_\_\_\_

y-intercept: \_\_\_\_\_

equation: \_\_\_\_\_

6)

x	y
3	2
6	7
9	12
12	17
15	22

slope: \_\_\_\_\_

y-intercept: \_\_\_\_\_

equation: \_\_\_\_\_

7)

x	y
-3	-2.5
-1	-1.5
1	-0.5
3	0.5
5	1.5

slope: \_\_\_\_\_

y-intercept: \_\_\_\_\_

equation: \_\_\_\_\_



